This can be used to facilitate shared decision-making during clinical consultations and to help patients and clinicians identify relevant risk factors.

RISK FACTORS FOR ISCHAEMIC STROKE (SELECT AS APPROPRIATE)		RISK FACTORS FOR BLEEDING (SELECT AS APPROPRIATE)		OTHER RISKS TO CONSIDER (SELECT AS APPROPRIATE)	
Atrial fibrillation	☐	Previous major bleeding		Poor INR control (for warfarin users)	☐
		Gastrointestinal	☐		
		Intracerebral	☐		
		Intracranial	☐		
Previous ischaemic stroke or transient ischaemic attack (mini stroke)	☐	Long-term exposure to oral anticoagulants	☐	Diabetes mellitus type 1 or 2	☐
Vascular disease	☐	Long-term exposure to aspirin, antiplatelets, or non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs	☐	Age ≥80 years	☐
Previous heart attack	☐	Cerebral amyloid angiopathy	☐	History of falls or increased risk of falls	☐
Previous thrombo-embolic event (e.g. DVT)	☐	Intracerebral micro-bleeds	☐	Support required with use of oral anticoagulants (e.g. dosette box)	☐
Poorly controlled hypertension	☐	Poorly controlled hypertension	☐	Reduced renal function	☐
Lifestyle factors		Lifestyle factors		Active cancer	☐
Smoking	☐	Smoking	☐		
Increased alcohol use	☐	Increased alcohol use	☐		
Overweight	☐	Overweight	☐		
Underweight	☐	Underweight	☐		